

1. Identification of Substance & Company

Product	
Product name Product code HSNO approval Approval description UN number Proper Shipping Name DG class Packaging group Hazchem code Uses	Calcium Chloride NA HSR002684, Water Treatment Chemicals (Subsidiary Hazard) Group Standard 2020 NA NA NA NA NA NA Water Hardener
Company Details	
Company: Address:	Argo International Ltd 9 St Benedicts St, Eden Terrace, Auckland New Zealand
Telephone:	+64 9 377 5061
Fax:	+64 9 309 1992
Email:	argo@argoint.co.nz
Website	argoint.co.nz
Emergency T	elephone Number: 0800 764 766

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2. Hazard Identification

Approval

This product is an approved substance under the Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act (HSNO, Approval HSR002684, Water Treatment Chemicals (Subsidiary Hazard) Group Standard 2020). The substance has been classified as hazardous according to the criteria in the Hazardous substances (Hazard Classification) Notice 2020.

H302 - Harmful if swallowed.

H315 - Causes skin irritation.

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.

Hazard Statements

GHS Classes

Acute toxicity category 4 (oral) Skin irritant category 2 Eye irritant category 2





Other Classifications

There are no other classifications that are known to apply.

Precautionary Statements

Prevention	
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P101 - If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

- P102 Keep out of reach of children.
- P103 Read label before use.
- P264 Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
- P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
- P280 Wear protective gloves/eye protection.

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Response	P301+P312 - IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTRE or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.
	P330 - Rinse mouth.
	P302+P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.
	P332+P313 - If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.
	P362 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash before re-use.
	P305+P351+P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses,
	if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
	P337+P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
Storage	none
Disposal	P501 - Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulation.
3. Composit	ion / Information on Ingredients

Component	CAS/ Identification	Concentration
calcium chloride	10043-52-4	Minimum 74%
Impurities include: Sodium chloride <4%, calcium hydroxide <0.2%	, calcium sulphate <0.1%	·

This is a commercial product whose exact ratio of components may vary slightly. Trace quantities of impurities are also likely.

4. First Aid

General Information

If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. You should call the National Poisons Centre if you feel that you may have been harmed or irritated by this product. The number is 0800 764 766 (0800 POISON) (24 hr emergency convice)

service). Recommended first aid facilities	Ready access to running water is recommended. Accessible eyewash is recommended.
Exposure	
Swallowed	IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTRE or doctor/physician if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Give a glass of water to drink. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if
Eye contact	present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
Skin contact	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/ attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before re-use.
Inhaled	Generally, inhalation of fumes/vapours/dusts is unlikely to result in adverse health effects. If coughing, dizziness or shortness of breath is experienced, remove the patient to fresh air immediately. If patient is unconscious, place in the recovery position (on the side) for transport and contact a doctor.
Advice to Doctor	
Treat symptomatically	
5. Firefighting Measures	
Fire and explosion hazards: Suitable extinguishing substances: Unsuitable extinguishing substances:	There are no specific risks for fire/explosion for this chemical. It is non-flammable. Carbon dioxide, extinguishing powder or water jet. Fight larger fires with water jet or alcohol resistant foam. Unknown.
Products of combustion: Protective equipment: Hazchem code:	Carbon dioxide, and if combustion is incomplete, carbon monoxide and smoke. Water. May form toxic mixtures in air and may accumulate in sumps, pits and other low-lying spaces, forming potentially explosive mixtures. No special measures are required. NA
6. Accidental Release Measur	es

Containment	If greater than 1000kg is stored, secondary containment and emergency plans to manage any potential spills must be in place. In all cases design storage to prevent discharge to storm water.
Emergency procedures	If a significant spill occurs: Stop leak if safe/necessary; Isolate area. Collect spill – see below; Transfer to container for disposal. Dispose of according to guidelines below (Section 13).
Clean-up method	Use absorbent (soil, sand or other inert material). Rags are not recommended for the clean-up of spills, as they may create fire or environmental hazard. Collect and seal in



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Disposal	properly labelled containers or drums for disposal. If contamination of crops, sewers or waterways has occurred advise local emergency services. Sweep up and collect recoverable material into labelled containers for recycling or
Precautions	salvage. Recycle containers wherever possible. This material may be suitable for approved landfill. Dispose of only in accord with all regulations. No special protective clothing is normally necessary.
7. Storage & Handling	
Storage	Avoid storage of harmful substances with food. Store out of reach of children. Containers should be kept closed in order to minimise contamination. Keep from extreme heat and open flames. Avoid contact with incompatible substances as listed in Section 10.
Handling	Keep exposure to a minimum, and minimise the quantities kept in work areas. See section 8 with regard to personal protective equipment requirements.
8. Exposure Controls / Pers	onal Protective Equipment

Workplace Exposure Standards

A workplace exposure standard (WES) has not been established by WorkSafe NZ for this product. There is a general limit of 3mg/m³ for respirable particulates and 10mg/m³ for inhalable particulates when limits have not otherwise been established.

NZ Workplace	Ingredient	WES-TWA	WES-STEL
Exposure Stds	calcium chloride	10mg/m ³	data unavailable

Engineering Controls

In industrial situations, it is expected that employee exposure to hazardous substances will be controlled to a level as far below the WES as practicable by applying the hierarchy of control required by the Health and Safety at Work Act (2015) and the Health and Safety at Work (General Risk and Workplace Management) Regulations 2016. Exposure can be reduced by process modification, use of local exhaust ventilation, capturing substances at the source, or other methods. If you believe air borne concentrations of mists, dusts or vapours are high, you are advised to modify processes or increase ventilation.

Personal Protective Equipment

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) should not be used as the primary means of General exposure protection, except in the event of an accident or emergency situation or where all other means of protection have proven to inadequate. Clean PPE after use or dispose of as appropriate. Store PPE for re-use in a clean place. Regular training on the correct use of PPE should be provided. In particular the correct fitting and use of respirators and where applicable the cleaning of respirators should be undertaken. Eyes Avoid contact with eyes. Use safety glasses and or chemical splash goggles if splashes are possible. Select eye protection in accordance with AS/NZS 1337. Skin Protective gloves are recommended. Neoprene or PVC gloves are recommended. Protective gloves or suitably resistant material must comply with AS 2161. Replace frequently. Gloves should be checked for tears or holes before use. Protective clothing must comply with AS 2919, AS3765.1 or AS3765.2. PVC or rubber boots must comply with AS/NZS 2210.2 and selected and maintained in accordance with AS/NS2210.1. Respiratory A respirator when airborne concentrations approach the WES (section 8). Respirators must have filters appropriate to the duty and comply with AS/NZS1716 and selected, used and maintained in accordance with AS/NS 1715. Use a respirator with a dust filter. If using a respirator, ensure that the cartridges are correct for the potential air contamination and are in good working order. Fit testing and clear guidelines and training for use and maintenance of PPE are necessary. **WES Additional Information**

Not applicable



9. Physical & Chemical Properties

Appearance	White crystalline powder.
Odour	no odour
Odour Threshhold	not applicable
рН	No data. Expected to be slightly acidic in water
Freezing/melting point	782°C
Boiling Point	>1600°C at 100kPa
Flashpoint	not applicable
Flammability	non flammable
Upper & lower flammable limits	No LEL or UEL
Vapour pressure	negligible at normal ambient temperatures
Vapour density	no data
Specific gravity/density	2.15
Solubility	miscible in water
Partition coefficient	no data
Auto-ignition temperature	no data
Decomposition temperature	no data
Viscosity	no data
Particle Characteristics	Deliquescent; this product will absorb water from atmosphere and dissolve in it.
10. Stability & Reactivity	
Stability	Stable
Conditions to be avoided	Containers should be kept closed in order to avoid contamination. Keep from extreme heat and open flames. Keep dry.
Incompatible groups	Avoid contact with water, bases, inorganic alkalis
Substance Specific	none known
Incompatibility	
Hazardous decomposition products	none known
Hazardous reactions	none known
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11. Toxicological Information	

Summary

IF SWALLOWED: may cause stomach pain or vomiting. IF IN EYES: may cause irritation. IF ON SKIN: may cause skin irritation.

IF INHALED: dusts may cause respiratory irritation.

Supporting Data

Acute	Oral	Using LD ₅₀ 's for ingredients, the Acute Toxicity Estimate (ATE) (oral) for the mixture is >2,000 mg/kg. Data considered includes: calcium chloride 500-1000 mg/kg (rabbit).
	Aspiration	This mixture is not considered an aspiration hazard.
	Dermal	Using LD ₅₀ 's for ingredients, the Acute Toxicity Estimate (ATE) (dermal) for the mixture is >2,000 mg/kg. Data considered includes: calcium chloride 2630 mg/kg (rat).
	Inhaled	Using LD ₅₀ 's for ingredients, the Acute Toxicity Estimate (ATE) (inhalation) for the mixture is >5mg/L/4h.
	Eye	Calcium chloride is an eye irritant.
	Skin	Calcium chloride is a skin irritant.
Chronic	Sensitisation	No ingredient present at concentrations > 0.1% is considered a sensitizer.
	Mutagenicity	No ingredient present at concentrations > 0.1% is considered a mutagen.
	Carcinogenicity	No ingredient present at concentrations > 0.1% is considered a carcinogen.
	Reproductive /	No ingredient present at concentrations > 0.1% is considered a reproductive or
	Developmental	developmental toxicant or have any effects on or via lactation.
	Systemic Aggravation of existing conditions	No ingredient present at concentrations > 1% is considered a target organ toxicant. None known.



12. Ecological Data

Summary

Calcium chloride is not considered ecotoxic towards aquatic organisms but may be harmful towards terrestrial vertebrates. In all cases prevent run-off to drains, sewers and waterways.

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Aquatic Bioaccumulation Degradability Soil Terrestrial vertebrate Terrestrial invertebrate Biocidal	No evidence of aquatic toxicity. No data No data No evidence of soil toxicity. Calcium chloride may be harmful towards terrestrial vertebrates. – see acute toxicity No evidence of toxicity towards terrestrial invertebrates. no data
13. Disposal Considerations	
Restrictions	There are no product-specific restrictions, however, local council and resource consent conditions may apply, including requirements of trade waste consents.
Disposal method	Disposal of this product must comply with the Hazardous Substances (Disposal) Notice 2017 and the requirements of the Resource Management Act for which approval should be sought from the Regional Authority. The substance must be treated and therefore rendered non-hazardous before discharge to the environment.
Contaminated packaging	Disposal of contaminated packaging must comply with the Hazardous Substances (Disposal) Notice 2017 clause 12. Ensure that the package is rendered incapable of containing any substance and is disposed in a manner that is consistent with the requirements of the substance it contained and the material of the package. If possible reuse or recycle packaging.
14. Transport Information	

Land Transport Rule: Dangerous Goods 2005 - NZS 5433:2007

There are no specif	ic restrictions for this pro	duct (not a dangerous good).	
UN number:	NA	Proper shipping name:	NA
Class(es)	NA	Packing group:	NA
Precautions:	Not applicable.	Hazchem code:	NA

15. Regulatory Information

This product is an approved substance under the Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act (HSNO). Approval code: HSR002684, Water Treatment Chemicals (Subsidiary Hazard) Group Standard 2020. All ingredients appear on the New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals NZIoC.

Specific Controls

Key workplace requirements are:		
SDS	To be available within 10 minutes in workplaces storing any quantity.	
Inventory	An inventory of all hazardous substances must be prepared and maintained.	
Packaging	All hazardous substances should be appropriately <i>packaged including substances th</i> manufactured for own use or have been supplied	
Labelling	Must comply with the Hazardous Substances (Labelling) Notice 2017.	
Emergency plan	Required if > 1000kg is stored.	
Certified handler	Not required.	
Tracking	Not required.	
Bunding & secondary containment	Not required (non pooling substance)	
Signage	Required if > 1000kg is <i>stored.</i>	
Location compliance certificate	Not required.	
Flammable zone	Not required.	
Fire extinguisher	Not required.	

Note: The above workplace requirements apply if only this particular substance is present. The complete set of controls for a location will depend on the classification and total quantities of other substances present in that location.





Other Legislation

In New Zealand, the use of this product may come under the Resource Management Act and Regulations, the Health and Safety at Work Act 2015 and the Health and Safety at Work (General Risk and Workplace Management) Regulations 2016, local Council Rules and Regional Council Plans.

16. Other Information

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Abbreviations	
Approval Code	Approval HSR002684, Water Treatment Chemicals (Subsidiary Hazard) Group Standard 2020 Controls, EPA. www.epa.govt.nz
CAS Number	Unique Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number
EC ₅₀	Ecotoxic Concentration 50% – concentration in water which is fatal to 50% of a test population (e.g. daphnia, fish species)
EPA	Environmental Protection Authority (New Zealand)
GHS	Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals, 7 th revised edition, 2017, published by the United Nations.
HAZCHEM Code	Emergency action code of numbers and letters that provide information to emergency services, especially fire fighters
HSNO	Hazardous Substances and New Organisms (Act and Regulations)
IARC	International Agency for Research on Cancer
LEL	Lower Explosive Limit
LD ₅₀	Lethal Dose 50% – dose which is fatal to 50% of a test population (usually rats).
LC ₅₀	Lethal Concentration 50% – concentration in air which is fatal to 50% of a test population (usually rats)
NZIoC	New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals
STEL	Short Term Exposure Limit - The maximum airborne concentration of a chemical or biological agent to which a worker may be exposed in any 15 minute period, provided the TWA is not exceeded
TWA	Time Weighted Average – generally referred to WES averaged over typical work day (usually 8 hours)
UEL	Upper Explosive Limit
UN Number	United Nations Number
WES	Workplace Exposure Standard - The airborne concentration of a biological or chemical agent to which a worker may be exposed during work hours (usually 8 hours, 5 days a week). The WES relates to exposure that has been measured by personal monitoring using procedures that gather air samples in the worker's breathing zone.
References	
Data	Unless otherwise stated comes from the EPA HSNO chemical classification information database (CCID).
Controlo	EPA notices, www.epa.govt.nz, Health and Safety at Work (Hazardous Substances)
Controls	Regulations 2017, www.legislation.govt.nz
WES	The latest NZ Workplace Exposure Standards, published by WorkSafe NZ and available on their web site – www.worksafe.govt.nz.
Other References:	Suppliers SDS
Review	
Date July 2022	Reason for review Not applicable - New SDS

Disclaimer

This SDS was prepared by Datachem LTD and is based on our current state of knowledge, including information obtained from suppliers. The SDS is given in good faith and constitutes a guideline (not a guarantee of safety). The level of risk each substance poses is relevant to its properties (as summarised in the SDS) AND HOW THE SUBSTANCE IS USED. While guidelines are given for personal protective equipment, such precautions must be relevant to the use. The likely GHS 7 classifications for this SDS have been estimated based on general information from the supplier (e.g., hazard, toxicological). This SDS is copyright Datachem and must not be copied, edited or used for other than intended purpose. To contact the SDS author, email info@datachem.co.nz or phone: +64 21 1040951.

